

Lesson 32: Future tense expressed by

"be going to, not going to"

"be verb~ing, not + be verb~ing"

第 32 課: 用 "be going to, not going to"

"be verb~ing, not + be verb~ing"

來表達未來式

Reading (閱讀)

<p>He is going to fix his car tomorrow. (他明天會修他的車。)</p>	<p>I am going to see them today. (我今天要去見他們。)</p>
<p>I am not going to work tomorrow. (明天我不會去上班。)</p>	<p>I'm going to Japan next year. (我明年要去日本。)</p>

<p>It's cloudy. I think it's going to rain. (天空烏雲密布, 我想等一下會下雨。)</p>	<p>It's 3:30! We are going to be late! (三點半了! 我們要遲到了!)</p>
<p>I failed the exam. My mother is not going to be happy. (我考試不及格。 媽媽不會開心的。)</p>	<p>She is not going to sing at the party. (她將不會在派對上唱歌。)</p>
<p>Watch out! It is going to explode. (注意! 它即將要爆炸了。)</p>	<p>Look out! We are going to crash! (小心! 我們要撞上了!)</p>
<p>She is coming soon. (她很快就會來了。)</p>	<p>They are meeting their teacher after school. (他們要在下課後去找老師。)</p>

Grammar focus (文法重點)

- ❖ 用 “be going + verb” 或是 “be + verb~ing” 來表示即將發生的事情
E.g.) It's cloudy. It's going to rain soon. (天空烏雲密布, 我想等一下會下雨。)

- ❖ “Be going + verb” 用來表示關於已經決定不久的將來要做的事或是已下定決心近期要做的事。
E.g.) I'm going to buy a new car. (我最近想要買一台新車。)

- ❖ “Be + verb~ing” 通常表示正在發生的事情, (現在進行式), 但也可以用來形容近期將會發生的事情。
E.g.) He is arriving to Tokyo soon. (他很快就會抵達東京了。)

- ❖ 否定句型請加上 “not” 。
E.g.) It is not going to rain soon. (應該不會很快就下雨。)
I'm not going to buy a new car. (我沒有要買新車。)
He is not arriving in Tokyo soon. (他不會那麼快就抵達東京。)

Speaking (會話)

- 1) I am going to Paris next month. (下個月我要去巴黎。)
- 2) He is going to start learning English from next week.
(他下周開始要開始學英文。)
- 3) They are not going to attend the party.
(他們不會來參加派對了。)
- 4) It is already 8:15! You're going to be late.
(已經八點 15 分了! 你快遲到了!)
- 5) Look! I think it is going to rain! (看! 我想快要下雨了!)
- 6) I am going to study harder next year. (明年我要用功讀書。)
- 7) My grandfather is coming tomorrow morning.
(我的爺爺明天早上會過來。)
- 8) It is so cold. I think it is going to snow. (天氣好冷。我想應該要下雪了。)
- 9) I am not going out later. (我等等不會出去。)
- 10) We are not going to attend the seminar. (我們不會去參加那場研討會。)

Gap Filling (填充題)

請完成以下的對話。

1) Father : What time are you going to meet Yuki tonight?

爸爸 : 妳今天晚上幾點要和友紀見面呢?

Mother : I _____ him at 7 pm.

媽媽 : 我和他約七點見面。

2) Jean : She _____ a baby this summer.

珍 : 今年夏天她就要生寶寶了。

Daniel : Really? I'm happy to hear that.

丹尼爾: 真的嗎? 真是令人開心的消息!

3) Jess : Look! You _____ your books! Let me help you.

傑西 : 小心! 你的書要掉了! 讓我來幫你吧。

Dave : Oh, thanks Jess.

戴夫 : 噢,謝謝你傑西!

4) Girl : Where are you going to put those boxes?

女孩 : 你要把那些盒子放到哪裡呢?

Boy : I _____ them in the storage room.

男孩 : 我要把它們放到儲藏室裡面。

5) Greg : I _____ to China.

葛雷格 : 我計畫要去中國旅行。

Sam : Really? I envy you.

山姆 : 真的嗎? 好羨慕你啊!

6) Greg : Kara _____ the dishes.

葛雷格 : 卡拉等一下會把盤子洗乾淨的。

Sam : I see, I'm not busy so I can help her.

山姆 : 了解。我不忙所以我可以幫她。

7) Greg : Look at the car! It _____ into the wall!

葛雷格 : 看那台車! 它快要撞上牆了!

Sam : The driver needs to be more careful.

Sam : 司機需要更小心才行。

8) Sam : They _____ at the party.

山姆 : 他們將要在派對上表演。

May : Really?

梅 : 真的嗎?

9) Sam : What are you doing this weekend?

山姆 : 這個周末你有什麼計畫嗎?

May : I _____ the car.

May : 我要把車子洗一洗。

Translating (翻譯)

請把下列句子翻譯成英文。

- 1) 我們等一下要先吃午餐。
- 2) 天空好暗。等一下應該會下雪。
- 3) 她將要在加拿大度過她的假期。(單字提示: 花(時間)在.../在...度過 = spend)
- 4) 她將不會在日本度過她的假期。
- 5) 珍妮! 你的女兒要把你的手機弄掉了!(單字提示: 弄掉 = drop)
- 6) 詹姆士明天要出國念書。
- 7) 等一下我要去幫約翰買冰淇淋。
- 8) 葛雷格! 你的盤子要被你弄掉了!(單字提示: 盤子 = plates)
- 9) 我等一下會打掃我的房間。